

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND USE:

Product name: Blast Furnace Slag – Air Cooled Blast Furnace Slag

(ACBFS) – Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GBFS) – Lightweight Aggregate – Non Metallic Slag – Iron

Slag

Chemical Name & Synonyms: Mineral Composite

Material Identification and Use: Blast furnace slag is a non-metallic byproduct from

the steel making process and is used as a cementitious material for cement, concrete and concrete products. It is also used in soil stabilization, as filler in asphalt and products which are widely

used in construction.

Supplier: Charah Soultions, Inc. Address: 12601 Plantside Drive

Louisville, KY 40299

Telephone: 877-314-7724 **Fax**: 502-245-7398

Note: This MSDS covers products from different sources. The concentration of constituents will have minor variances

2. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS:

COMPONENT	CAS. NO.	TYPICAL %	EXPOSURE LIMITS	REF.	
CALCIUM OXIDE	1305-78-8	30-36 %	5 MG/M ³	8-HOUR TWA	(OSHA)
			2 MG/M ³	8-HOUR PEL	(ACGIH)
FUSED SILICA OXIDE	60676-86-0	30-40 %	10 MG/M ³	8-HOUR TWA	(ACGIH)
			10 MG/M ³	8-HOUR PEL	(OSHA)
			RESPIRABLE COMPONENT:		
			0.1 MG/M ³	8-HOUR PEL	(OSHA)
			0.1 MG/M ³	8-HOUR PEL	(ACGIH)
MAGNESIUM OXIDE	1309-48-4	10-15 %	5 MG/M ³	8-HOUR PEL	(OSHA)
ALUMINUM OXIDE	1344-28-1	8 - 15 %	10 MG/M ³	8-HOUR TWA	(ACGIH)
SULFUR	7704-34-9	< 2%	ND		
MANGANESE OXIDE	7439-96-5	< 1%	5 MG/M ³	8-HOUR TWA	(ACGIH)
POTASSIUM OXIDE	12136-45-7	< 1 %	ND		
SODIUM OXIDE	12401-86-4	< 1 %	ND		
TITANIUM OXIDE	13463-67-7	< 1%	10 MG/M ³	8-HOUR PEL	(OSHA)
		RESPIRABLE COMPONENT:			
			5 MG/M ³	8-HOUR PEL	(OSHA)
FERRIC OXIDE	1309-37-1	< 1 %	10 MG/M ³	8-HOUR PEL	(OSHA)

Chemical Nature:

As shipped, this product does not pose any health hazard because the density and moisture content reduces the ability for particulate matter to become airborne. If dried and made airborne non-hazardous dust may be created which may irritate unprotected eyes.

Hazardous Components:

Slag may contain trace amounts of hazardous constituents such as titanium Oxide, manganese oxide, chromium compounds, sulfur compounds

3. PHYSICAL DATA:

Appearance: Inert Granular Light Tan to Dark Grey Material

Odor: No Appreciable Odor

Solubility in Water: Not Applicable

pH 8 - 11

Auto-Ignition Temperature

Boiling Point:

Melting Point:

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

> 1000 C

Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Specific Gravity: 2-3

Percent Volatiles: Not Applicable Evaporation Rate: Not Applicable

Particle Size:

4. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA:

This material is inert, non flammable and non combustible

5. REACTIVITY DATA / HEALTH HAZARD DATA:

Product Stability: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid Slag is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts, and

aluminum metal

Hazardous Reactions/Decomposition Products

Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) may be released when product is exposed directly to some organic or inorganic acids in a low pH environment (pH < 5). Hydrogen sulfide is a hazardous, toxic and poisonous

gas.

Hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) may be released when product is exposed to moist atmospheric

environments rich in carbon dioxide (CO₂).

6. TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES:

This material is non toxic and has not been identified as a suspect or known carcinogen by NTP, LARC or OSHA>Toxicological Data.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR COMPONENTS ARE ILLUSTRATED IN SECTION 2

7. PPE / PREVENTABLE MEASURES / SPILL OR LEAK MEASURES:

Eve Protection:

Avoid eye contact with this material. Wear safety glasses.

When generating dust, wear dust or chemical goggles to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Have eye baths readily available where eye contact can occur

Skin Protection:

As required by nature of work being done such as long sleeve shirts and long pants

Ventilation:

Material is generally damp but be sure to use adequate ventilation and dust collection should the material dry out and become airborne in an enclosed space.

Respiratory Protection:

<u>Where applicable</u>, respirators should be fitted, maintained, and cleaned in accordance with the regulations Ventilation and other forms of engineering controls are the preferred means for controlling exposures.

If ventilation cannot reduce airborne concentrations below acceptable limits, appropriate respiratory protections should be used.

Other Preventative Equipment or Practices:

As required by nature of work being done. <u>In an enclosed space</u>: minimize dust generation and avoid breathing dust. Practice good housekeeping using vacuum or wet methods to clean up dust. Practice good personal hygiene by washing hands and face promptly after handling and before eating drinking or smoking

Leaks and Spills:

Minimize contact with skin and avoid breathing dust. Wear gloves, long sleeves and long pants. Material is usually slightly moist and granular which minimizes potential for dust generation. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Sweep up and containerize for reclamation or disposal. Vacuuming or wet sweeping may be used to avoid dust dispersal

Waste Disposal Information

Reclaim material where possible. Dispose of in accordance with all state, provincial, local and federal legislation. This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261).

Notification

This material, as supplied, contains no hazardous substances regulated under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302), or any extremely hazardous substances regulated under the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355), and thus a release of this material as supplied has no reporting requirements under these regulations. There may be other specific reporting requirements at the local, regional or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Handling Procedures and Equipment:

Where applicable (In an enclosed space) use adequate ventilation and dust collection.

8. FIRST AID:

Eye Contact: Flush the eye(s) with lukewarm water for 15 minutes

including under the eyelids until the particles have been

removed. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation

occurs. If glass slivers are present, remove promptly, wash affected area and apply antibiotic cream or ointment and sterile dressing. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists.

Inhalation: Product is considered a nuisance dust, overexposure may

produce irritation of the eyes and upper respiratory tract. Preexisting medical condition may be generally aggravated

by exposure including but not limited to Bronchitis, Emphysema, and Asthma. Remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if irritation or discomfort persists If not breathing, give artificial respiration Administer oxygen if

breathing is difficult. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Rare in industry. Give Conscious victim large quantities of

water or milk Do not induce vomiting unless directed by

medical personnel.

9. STORAGE AND HANDLING:

This material can be stored in piles exposed to the outside environment. Good housekeeping should be maintained to minimize excessive dust exposure to employees and the public.

Materials should be handled, stored and shipped in a manner which prevents or minimizes the evolution of dust.

10. PREPARATION DATE OF MSDS:

This MSDS was prepared from information provided by raw materials suppliers to SCB.

Date drawn up: April 2002

Date of latest revision: January 2015

Version number: 007 MSDS number: 02

Contact: Product Manager

Business Development Manager

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